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JESSELTON, KUDAT and SAN- DAKAN	"BORNEO" Capt. F. Sembill (T. 5,050)	THURSDAY, 19th Jan., at 9 A.M.	
NAPLES, GENOA, ALGIERS, GIBRALTAR, SOUTHAMPTON, ANTWERP and HAMBURG	"BULOW" Capt. H. Formes (T. 17,300)	WEDNESDAY, 25th Jan., at Noon.	
MANILA, YAP, ANGAUR, NEW- GUINEA, BRISBANE, SYD- NEY and MELBOURNE	"PRINZ WALDEMAR" Capt. F. Iscke (T. 6,100)	SATURDAY, 23rd Jan., at Daylight.	
SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA	"PRINZ EITEL FRIEDRICH" Capt. E. Maichow (T. 16,000)	About WEDNESDAY, 25th January.	
ONE and YOKOHAMA	"PRINZ SIGISMUND" Capt. D. Lenz (T. 6,000)	About TUESDAY, 7th February.	

All the steamers of the European Line are fitted with Wireless Telegraphic. New System of
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NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD,
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GENERAL AGENTS, HONGKONG.

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Designs!**
**Special for
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CO.,**
38, QUEEN'S ROAD
CENTRAL.

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TO LET.

A HOUSE in KNUITFORD TERRACE.
Apply to—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-
MENT & AGENCY CO., LD.
Hongkong, 4th January, 1911. [701]

TO LET.

OFFICES in KING'S BUILDINGS, 4th
Floor.
AN OFFICE on 1st FLOOR, 16, DES
VOUX ROAD CENTRAL.
11, GONDOLIF RD., CLIFTON GARDENS.
1 & 2, BOWEN ROAD, lately occupied as
Antillery Officer's Quarters. Suitable
for Boarding House, or as Semi-
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GODOWNS, 151 to 155, PRAYA EAST.
A HOUSE in WONG-WEI-CHONG ROAD.
SEMI-EUROPEAN FLATS, Praya East
corner of Observation Place. The
Trams stop at the door.
Also NEW EUROPEAN FLATS ad-
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Hongkong, 12th January 1911. [59]

TO LET.

GODOWN No. 54, DUDDELL STREET.
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Hongkong, 4th January 1911. [67]

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REASONABLE FEES

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Rooms 2 and 3.

From the University of Pennsylvania, U.S.A

Telephone 125.

Hongkong, 29th January, 1910. [18]

LEE YEE

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CIGARS, CIGARETTES

AND

TOILET REQUISITES

FOR SALE.

13, D'AGUILAR STREET,

HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 3rd September, 1909. [11]

Intimations.

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Width of Entrance 80 "	Width of Entrance 50 "	Width of Entrance 53 "
Water on Blocks 18 "	Water on Blocks 16 "	Water on Blocks 15.5 "

Mooring basin 600 feet x 200 feet x 25 feet deep.

EVERY description of repair work is undertaken. A large assortment of material including
tail shafts are kept in stock. Two powerful tow boats, floating derrick to lift 45 tons
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106 buildings, principally of brick and steel, 358 entrances. 13 buildings are private
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2.36 miles in length, part having a depth of 25 feet at low water, suitable for steamers dis-
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railways. Use of 45 ton derrick, tugs, launchers, etc. Customhouse brokerage and Insurance
undertaken. Rates moderate.

Yokohama, October 18th, 1910.

[12]



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PHONE No. 482 and the machine

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Repair to any Make of

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GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY

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PORTLAND CEMENT.

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

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Hongkong, 15th August, 1910.

THE BRITISH-FOREIGN IMPORT &
EXPORT COMPANY, Central Build-
ings, Liverpool, England, is prepared to
receive Consignments of Local Produce on
best terms.

FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

LI KWONG LOONG & CO.,

CABINET-MAKERS AND ART DECORATORS.

from Shanghai, has re-opened their

FURNITURE STORE

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No. 39, DES VOUX ROAD CENTRAL.

The Shop in Hongkong with this name

WHERE HIGH-CLASS FURNITURE
of every description can be made to
order in any design required.

Have been patronized by the Hongkong
Club, Hongkong Hotel, Telegraph Co.,
Messrs. A. S. Watson & Co., Firms and other
leading Establishments in the Colony, to
whom reference can be made as to the
Superior Workmanship and Materials of the
Furniture, &c., supplied.

Messrs. A. S. Watson & Co., Ltd., write as
follows:—

"We have pleasure in stating that Mr. LI
KWONG LOONG furnished the Annex to
our Dispensary and gave us every satis-
faction."

(Sd.) A. S. WATSON & CO.

25th May, 1909.

ORDERS punctually attended to, and

CHARGES most moderate.

AN INSPECTION INVITED

Hongkong, 6th August 1909.

KWONG FUNG YUEN,

HEAD OFFICE—No. 83, Des Vaux Road West.

TIMBER YARDS—Kennedy Town.

TIMBER MERCHANTS,

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Authorities.

HAVE always on hand large stock of
American Fir, Douglas Fir, Oregon
Pine, Teak, Yacal, Hardwoods, Oregon Spar
Chinese Spar, Chinese Pine of all descriptions
Inspection invited to the Yards.
Best Terms.
Quick delivery.

LEUNG TAI,

Managing Director,

Hongkong, 12th January, 1910.

HUNG ON & CO.,

SHOW ROOM AND STORE

at the Premises formerly occupied by

(A CHEE & CO.)

17A, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

GENERAL UPHOLSTERERS AND

FURNITURE

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS.

CROCKERY, Cutlery, Electro and Silver

Plated, Glass and Iron Ware of all

descriptions, always on hand, for sale or on

hire at moderate rates.

Hongkong, 1st June, 1910. [60]

CANTON DAY BY DAY.

[From Our Own Correspondent].

AGRICULTURAL ENTERPRISE.

Canton, 15th Jan.

The land in the King and Ai prefectures is
exceedingly fertile, and suitable for the grow-
ing of pineapples, sugar canes, hemp, cabbage
rubber, coconuts, pepper, etc. For over
many years suitable for cattle and sheep-rearing
exist. The Ministry of Agriculture, Industry
and Commerce has sent His Excellency the
Viceroy a communication requesting him to in-
struct the local authorities of the two prefectures
to encourage the people under their jurisdic-
tions in these enterprises. The people should be
taught to clear the jungles and woods by cutting
down shrubs and felling trees, and then place
the lands under cultivation. With respect to
cattle and sheep-rearing they should find water-
ing places and select the best species of these
animals for breeding purposes. A few years
hence these domestic animals will multiply in
large numbers, and manufactures in hides and
wool can then be embarked upon. The devel-
opment of these two prefectures in these di-
rections will not only tend to provide the poor
people with means for earning a living, but will
also enrich the places by means of the profits
accruing from these undertakings. On receipt
of the despatch from the Viceroy, His Ex-
cellency the Viceroy instructed the Tao-tai for the
Promotion of Industry to notify the authori-
ties of the prefectures in question.

A PLUCKY FIREMAN.

On the 7th inst., a big fire broke out in
Hung Tak Lane, Hoam. The fire brigade
promptly turned out and vigorously combated
the flames, which were burning fiercely. One
of the firemen in his hurry to climb up the
ladder with a hose, lost his balance and was
violently hurled into space. As a result of his
fall, he was seriously injured. He was removed
to the American Hospital in Canton for treat-
ment, where he is making slow progress.
The people living in the neighbourhood of the
houses where the conflagration occurred, pro-
posed to reward the brave fireman by presenting
him with one hundred dollars for his pluck and
devotion to duty.

ALLEGED ARSON.

About three weeks ago, a contractor's shop,
trading under the name of Tai Sing, in Bim-
cho Wai Road, Koo-Loe country market, of
Hok-shan District, suddenly caught fire, which
spread to several neighbouring shops. Owing
to the fierceness of the conflagration, and the
fact that the shop was fully insured, the neigh-
bourhood put down the cause of the fire to in-
cendiarism. They reported the occurrence to
the Commercial Union of the Koo-Loe coun-
try-market, and charged Wong Shu Yin, the
master of the Tai Sing, with having delib-
erately set fire to the shop in order to
put forward a claim against the insurance
company with which he had insured the
shop in question. The Committee of the
Union, together with the local gentry, con-
vened a meeting to consider the charge of
arson. The master of the Tai Sing was sum-
moned, and on being questioned, said that
the fire originated in the kitchen of his
shop. His employees, however, gave a
different narrative of the incident. They
said the fire originated on the top floor.
When cross-examined by his neighbours, the
alleged incendiary replied that the conflagra-
tion was caused by his neighbour, Shen
Cheong, dealing in fried beans. The shop had
only recently changed hands and its mistress
was a widow who had two sons. The woman
deposed that the fire broke out about 10 o'clock
on the night in question. She was sleeping at
the time, and suddenly a knock at her door
woke her up. She opened the door to find out
what the matter was, and saw the master of the
Tai Sing, who informed her that a fire had
broken out and that she had better run to a
place of safety with her children. She denied
that the fire started in her house. The Com-
mittee of the Commercial Union and the local
gentry found Wong Shu Yin guilty of the
charge of arson, as he could not give
them a satisfactory explanation of the cause
of the fire. In support of their contention,
they alleged that the incendiary had secured a
shop opposite the one destroyed and insured it
for \$5,000, although no goods were stored there.
He was handed over to the Magistrate of Hok
Shan to be dealt with. The masters of all the
shops in the Koo-Loe country market have
now petitioned the Hok Shan Magistrate,
requesting him to place some restrictions on
the insurance of shops in this locality in order
to prevent a recurrence of this crime.

AN HONEST VICEROY.

When the Viceroy gets up every morning, he
spends some time in scanning the daily news-
papers and pays particular attention to articles
concerning the welfare of the people, the good
and evil obtaining at various centres, what
should be promoted and what should be done
away with. In his opinion there must be some
good grounds for the publication of these
articles, as no newspaper would publish an
article without reasonable cause. Everything
done by the officials cannot, in the nature of
things, be right at all times. His Excellency
advises his juniors to follow his example of
asking himself whether he was satisfied as to
the faithful discharge of his duties and to do
what they are in duty bound to do, irrespective
of what others may say to the contrary.

UNDISCIPLINED POLICEMAN CAUSES RIOT.

Some time ago, a riot occurred in the Sha
Pang village, of Hok Shan District, and the
police station was pulled down by the rioters.
The Tao-tai of Coatsbury sent a deputy to
the spot to investigate. It has now transpired
that the riot was caused by the wrongful action
of a policeman. It appears that a woman of
the Lo family in this village, was dressing
her hair in her house, the door being
left open. Policeman Lui Yau, was
on patrol duty at the time. On passing the
woman's house, he paused to look in,
and fixed his eyes on the woman. He was
jeered and laughed at by the pedestrians,
and it so happened that a man named Leung

Fui was passing there with his playful young
son. The lad was throwing about some sugar-
cane roots, one of which accidentally landed
on the back of the policeman. The officer of
the law at once flew into a rage, and ran after
the lad in order to deal him some blows.
In defending his son, the father of the child
pulled him to the ground. The policeman,
furious crestfallen, walked away. Next day,
the policeman met his assailant in the street,
and at once decided to avenge himself. He
blew his whistle, which had the effect of attract-
ing his brother-officers to the spot. The poor
victim was somewhat roughly handled and was
dragged to the police-station receiving several
vicious blows from his captors on the way, his
face becoming swollen with contusions. The
action of the policeman greatly exasperated
the people, who gathered at the gate
of the police-station in great numbers and
waited for the police-inspector to give his
decision in the matter. Some evil characters
in the crowd, feeling too impatient to wait
further, started to stone the police-station, and
pulled down the fences surrounding the police-
station. The police-inspector, being filled
with an intuitive mind, took in the situation
at a glance, and at once had the recalcitrant
policeman chained up and removed to the
lock-up. The crowd then dispersed. The
Magistrate of Hok Shan district was notifi-
ed of the riot and repaired to the
scene of the disturbance at once. His Wor-
ship ordered the police-inspector to release the
unfortunate victim and award him compensa-
tion. He had, at the same time, the policeman
taken to the Magistrate for punishment. The
trouble ended then and there.

ATHLETIC SPORTS.

The Canton athletic sports took place at the
eastern parade ground on the 13th inst. and
continued till the 14th. The event attract-
ed a large number of people and a band
played lively airs during the proceedings.
The officials present were the Major-General
Educational Examiner, the Tao-tai of Coats-
bury, the representative of the Provincial
Judge, the representative of the Salt Com-
missioner, the Kwong Chow Prefect, the Kwong
Chow Brigadier-General the Na-tsoh and Pun
U Magistrates, and a number of other officials.
The following events in the programme were
run off:—Running with Articles in the Com-
petitor's Hands, Long Jump, High Jump, etc.
Throughout the proceedings, the Police mili-
tary band played, and a number of representa-
tives of the Red Cross Society and the Hospi-
tal Union were in attendance, in the event of
their services being required in case of ac-
cident.

THE HOUNDSDITCH MURDERS.

RESULT OF THE INQUIRY.

London, Jan. 7.—An inquiry has been held
on the bodies recovered from the house at
Mile-end in which the supposed Houndsditch
murderers were caught. The medical
evidence was that one had died from a bullet
wound in the head that had not been self-
inflicted, and that a second was suffocated.
—N.C.D. News.

THE PRINCE OF WALES.

PLANS FOR THE FUTURE.

London, Jan. 6.—The "Observer" says that
the Prince of Wales will finish his naval train-
ing at Dartmouth in April. He will enter at
Oxford in the autumn for a two years' course,
and then, accompanied by Prince Albert, will
tour the Empire.

Afterwards the Prince of Wales will be at-
tached to a cavalry regiment.—N. C. D.
News.

HYSTERIA JAPONICA.

New York, Dec. 30.—Owing to current rum-
ours that Japanese military spies have been
prowling about the Philippines, lately, Mr.
Hobson is expected to bring a bill before
Congress providing for the punishment of
military spies. In some quarters it is said that
the Washington authorities will make repre-
sentations to the Japanese Government on the
matter. This morning the "Sun" published
an article saying that the presence of spies in
and about Manila is a matter that calls for
earnest attention and calling upon the Govern-
ment to take steps to deal with the situation.
—Osaka Asahi.

DISMEMBERMENT OF CHINA.

ANOTHER LONDON STORY.

London, Jan. 3.—The Daily Mail contains a
long article in reference to a rumour that
Russia, Germany and Japan have entered
into a secret alliance for the purpose of an
ultimate dismemberment of China. The Daily
Mail ridicules the idea, and points out that
Japan is maintaining an honourable attitude in
her relations with England. The rumour that
Japan has attempted such a plot is utterly
foolish and unworthy of credence.—Osaka Jiji.

SHANGHAI TRADE.

Messrs. Ibbert & Co's Piece Goods Market
Report says:—The week's business has been
of a satisfactory character and most of the
dependencies are showing a disposition to en-
ter the market for supplies, principally for
clearance after Chinese New Year, but the
daily aggregate of clearances is also upon
quite a fair scale.

SHIPPING NEWS.

Among changes in the shipping-world we
notice, says the Hankow Daily News, that
Captain Agassiz of the s.s. Stang in has left for
Kinkiang to take command of the s.s. Shaul, a
new steamer built by Messrs. Duff and Field
and for the Ichang and Chungking runs. Mr.
Bailly, formerly chief officer of the Stang, is
now takes command of that vessel.

Intimation.

LITHOGRAPHY

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&c., &c.,

are some of the
DEPARTMENTS

of the

"South China

Morning

Post" Ltd.

LARGEST & MOST

MODERN PLANT
IN THE COLONY.

CHINESE

CALENDARS

SPECIALTY.

Des Vœux Rd.

Central,

HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 16th January, 1911.

PASSING OF THE QUEEN.

HOLLO CHINESE WILL NOT DISCARD IT.

Hollo, Jan. 4.—Since Queen Victoria's death a few days ago fifty Chinamen have passed from longhaired to close clipped citizens.

The merchant class have held a meeting to discuss the matter of adopting the European style of hair and have come to the conclusion that it would be detrimental to their business interests to adopt the new idea.

They say that in the past they have observed that if a native of the country establishes a business in a Chinese business district, his countrymen boycott him in favor of the Chinese stores, and inasmuch as after a Chinaman loses his queue he might be mistaken for a Filipino, it would be better to keep the long hair as a trade mark and cost to profit by the Chinese reputation of selling at a small profit.

In all stores where any of the Chinese employees cut off their hair, at least three, a floor man, a bookkeeper, and a collector, keep the long queues in order that no loss may occur through misapprehension of nationality of the store.

THE CHINAMAN'S PIGTAIL.

AN AUSTRALIAN VIEW OF THE NEW MOVEMENT.

If the child who once described an elephant as an animal with a tail at both ends had been introduced to a full dressed Chinaman, the child would probably have called the Celestial a man with a tail at one end, and the wrong end at that.

These pig tails, which have been worn by the inhabitants of the Flowery Land ever since the time, about 27 years ago, when the Manchus got the throne, it is now proposed in some quarters to abolish. The proposition is a tough one; but it has already met with some success, for in Hongkong the other day, 11,000 Chinese men were stated to be "Evening News" Sydney, discarded their queues in the course of three days. But these are mere handfuls among the teeming millions of China.

Prince Tsai Tso some time ago presented to the Throne a memorial, praying for the abolition of the pigtail, and one of the arguments of the memorialists was that the queue is inconvenient. Nothing has come of the petition so far, and whether it will end in anything but smoke remains to be seen.

It was thought that the example set in Hongkong might be followed in Sydney, but after "cruising round" the Chinese quarters here, an "Evening News" reporter could find no signs of anything of the kind. Certainly a number of Chinese in Sydney cut off this pigtail not long ago. This was for the sake of convenience. Going into courts and other public places, they felt funny, "welly" funny as they say, when on taking off a hat the rolled-up, concealed pigtail, looking like a black snake in consumption, uncoiled itself down their backs.

It is not believed that the controversy is based upon any political foundation. Mr. Sun Johnson, editor of the "Chinese Australian Herald," published in Sydney, asserts that there is no big political about it. His countrymen, for many of them, really regard the queue as inconvenient. Indeed, it is a matter of fashion as much as anything. In China the pigtail has for long been considered a trouble, for this one reason, among others, that it is soiled and darkens the colored silk worn by the well-to-do. The oily liquid which exudes from the scalp of the Chinaman runs down the queue, and so saturates to a dull, dirty color what was once a fine blouse of sky blue, gamboge, or magenta.

ACCELERATED OCEAN MAIL SERVICES.

AN INNOVATION.

The announcement to the effect that the Western Union Telegraph Company would accept night letters for mailing on steamers, and would send on night letters received by steamer mail, caused many people to take advantage of the new conditions yesterday, reports the "San Francisco Chronicle" of 14th ult. The following explanation is given to the public and employees of the company, was sent out yesterday:

"The Western Union Telegraph Company announced to-day another innovation in telegraph service called the 'special ocean mail service,' designed to save time in foreign correspondence. A letter from San Francisco to London requires as much time crossing the continent as it does crossing the ocean. A New York merchant writing to Yokohama must post his letter practically a week before the mail steamer sails from San Francisco or Vancouver.

"The Western Union has arranged for the use of its night letter and other telegraph service in connection with outgoing ocean mails so that this week of transcontinental time may be saved. Its New York office will receive telegrams from any part of the country destined to European addresses and will forward them in a sealed, specially addressed envelope by the first outgoing Atlantic steamship mail. The same plan will be followed in San Francisco, Seattle and Vancouver for transpacific mails.

"This will enable correspondence to be dispatched from any part of the United States for an ocean mail within a few hours of sailing time. The only charge in addition to the usual telegraph tolls to the ocean mail will be 5 cents for postage. Telegrams should bear the full mail address of the foreign correspondent for whom they are intended and marked 'Caro Ocean Mail' or 'New York' or 'San Francisco,' Seattle or Vancouver, as the case may be. No charge will be made for the address.

"The new 'Night Letter' permits the sending of fifty words at the rate of a ten-word day message. As indicated, the message is one which must be sent at night; when the 'line' is comparatively free and greatly reduced rates are charged.

REPORTING.

SATURDAY'S EVENTS.

The results of Saturday's events are as under:—

LEAGUE FOOTBALL.

KOWLOON FOOTBALL CLUB VS. R.C.A.

The above teams met on the Kowloon Ground to decide their match in the first division. The Citizens sent in their strongest eleven to meet the Gunners, but unfortunately, only ten turned up. From the appearance of things, it looked as if the Artilleryman would walk into victory, as, in the first half of the game, they led with two goals to the Kowlooners' nil.

In the second half, and a few minutes before time was called, the score was equalized. The game thus resulted in a draw—two all.

LEAGUE TABLE.

P.	W.	D.	L.	For	Agst.	Pts.
Buffs	9	8	1	0	35	5
Naval Yard	9	6	0	3	15	18
R.E.	8	4	2	2	11	10
R.C.A.	2	2	2	4	7	6
Hongkong	9	1	1	7	33	3
Kowloon	7	0	1	2	4	0

RUGBY.

HONGKONG RUGBY CLUB VS. H.M.S. "KENT."

This match was played on the Hongkong Football Club on Saturday afternoon and attracted a large crowd of spectators. The game was an even one throughout and the first half of play ended with no scores on both sides. The second half was a repetition of the first, the ball travelling up and down the field without being able to find a settling-place to the nets. At the close of this half, the "Kent" had a good opening, but nothing eventuated, being able to score only three points, thus winning the game by that small margin.

LEAGUE CRICKET.

KOWLOON CRICKET CLUB VS. POLICE.

This match was played on the Police Ground at Happy Valley and resulted in another loss for the Police. The Kowloon team put up the excellent score of 154 runs for five wickets, which was a distinct good work. Mead was the top scorer for the visitors, compiling 45 runs, and was caught out by Langley and bowled by Kerr. Ogg was responsible for the Police top score. He was clean bowled by Wessner and retired with 13 runs to his credit. The scores and bowling analysis are as follows:—

K.	W.	D.	L.	For	Agst.	Pts.
F. Sutton, b Kerr	5	1	0	62	2	
J. P. Robinson, run out	10	1	0	71	2	
J. H. Mead, c Langley, b Kerr	45	1	0	15	0	
A. R. Raves, c Ogg, b Hoggarth	13	0	0	16	0	
A. O. Brown, c Pitt, b Hoggarth	6	0	0	10	0	
F. J. de Rome, not out	35	0	0	23	1	
W. L. Wessner, not out	23	0	0	16	5	
L. E. Brett, J. Annasley, W. Curwen and F. T. Robins did not bat.						

Extras 5

Total for 5 wickets 154

Bowling Analysis.

O.	M.	R.	W.
Kerr	16	1	62
Hoggarth	13	0	71
Kent	4	0	16
Cooper	1	0	8

POLICE.

D.	W.	D.	L.	For	Agst.	Pts.
D. MacHardy, b Curwen	10	1	0	10	0	
P. F. J. Wedhouse, c Robinson, b Brett	10	1	0	10	0	
W. Woodcock, c Curwen, b Brown	11	1	0	10	0	
J. Ogg, b Wessner	18	0	0	10	0	
Fletcher, c Brett, b Wessner	6	0	0	10	0	
W. Pitt, b Wessner	0	0	0	10	0	
W. Kent, b Wessner	21	0	0	10	0	
W. Cooper, b Wessner	1	0	0	10	0	
J. Kerr, run out	6	0	0	10	0	
F. Hoggarth, b de Rome	0	0	0	10	0	
A. Langley, not out	0	0	0	10	0	

Extras 5

Total 83

Bowling Analysis.

O.	M.	R.	W.
Curwen	6	1	23
de Rome	0	1	15
Brett	9	1	23
Wessner	7	3	16
Brown	2	0	7

CRAIGSGOWER CRICKET CLUB VS. K.O.Y.L.L.

The above teams met on the Military ground and after a hard toss, the match resulted in a win for the Craigsower. Results are appended:—

C.C.C.

H.	T.	D.	L.	For	Agst.	Pts.
H. H. Taylor, b Ma tell	9	1	0	49	9	
R. Bara, run out	5	0	0	49	9	
E. L. Bragg, c Mansell, b Dempsey	8	0	0	49	9	
J. V. Bragg, not out	49	0	0	49	9	
P. Currie, c Kilcayne, b Mansell	9	0	0	49	9	
R. A. Carvalho, b Dempsey	9	0	0	49	9	
J. A. Rose, b Mansell	3	0	0	49	9	
J. D. Norris, c Kilcayne, b Mansell	0	0	0	49	9	
W. H. Vivian, b Mansell	4	0	0	49	9	
O. J. Higginbotham, b Kilcayne	7	0	0	49	9	
R. Phillips, b Booth	20	0	0	49	9	

Extras 9

Total 123

Bowling Analysis.

O.	M.	R.	W.
Dempsey	10	1	47
Mansell	11	2	35
Kilcayne	5	0	31
Booth	1	0	3

K.O.Y.L.L.

L.	C.	D.	L.	For	Agst.	Pts.
L. Corp. Dempsey, c Vivian, b Taylor	2	0	0	31	27	
Pie. Cligg, c Vivian, b Corrie	31	0	0	27	2	
L. D. Houghton, c Bass, b Currie	27	0	0	27	2	
L. Houghton, c Phillips, b Currie	6	0	0	27	2	
Sgt. Booth, c J. Bragg, b Currie	13	0	0	27	2	
Pie. Downing, b Currie	5	0	0	27	2	
Pie. Carthman, b J. Bragg	9	0	0	27	2	
L. Collis-Brown, c Carvalho b Taylor	8	0	0	27	2	
Lt. Stambly, b Taylor	0	0	0	27	2	
Pie. Manow, b Bragg	0	0	0	27	2	
Pie. Kilcayne, not out	0	0	0	27	2	

Extras 3

Total 101

Bowling Analysis.

TRIANGULAR CONTEST.

The Club met the Garrison on their ground in the Triangular Contest, the game resulting in a draw. The Garrison compiled 223 runs, all out, of which Lieut. Houghton was responsible for 81. He played a grand game and compiled his score quite rapidly. The second best score was Bagnall's 48. The Club put up 183 runs for eight wickets. Turner was the top scorer with 65 runs, while R. Hancock compiled a good 23. The scores are:—

GARRISON.

T.	B.	D.	L.	For	Agst.	Pts.
Thorpe, b Bagnall	0	0	0	223	0	
Clapham, b Payne	22	0	0	223	0	
Hughes, c Mass, b Payne	5	0	0	223	0	
Garnett, b Payne	2	0	0	223	0	
Houghton, c Sharpin, b Bird	81	0	0	223	0	
Taylor, c R. Hancock, b Payne	9	0	0	223	0	
Bagnall, b Bird	48	0	0	223	0	
Day, not out	19	0	0	223	0	
Williams, b Payne	0	0	0	223	0	
Fair, c and b Bird	7	0	0	223	0	
Taverner, b Payne	2	0	0	223	0	

Extras 17

Total 223

Bowling Analysis.

O.	M.	R.	W.
R. E. O. Bird	17	0	80
Rev. Payne	17	2	71
R. Hancock	4	1	20
H. D. Sharpin	4	0	31

HONGKONG.

R.	H.	D.	L.	For	Agst.	Pts.
R. Hancock, c and b Houghton	23	0	0	183	0	
T. E. Pearce, c Thorpe b Bagnall	13	0	0	183	0	
W. C. D. Turner, c and b Taverner	65	0	0	183	0	
H. Hancock, c Day, b Bagnall	6	0	0	183	0	
E. A. S. Fowler, c Williams, b Houghton	1	0	0	183	0	
H. D. Sharpin, c Williams, b Bagnall	9	0	0	183	0	
Rev. Payne, c Paris, b Taverner	2	0	0	183	0	
Thicketton, b Taverner	5	0	0	183	0	
G. Hastings, not out	15	0	0	183	0	
R. E. O. Bird, not out	6	0	0	183	0	

Extras 0

Total for 8 wickets 183

Bowling Analysis.

O.	M.	R.	W.
Thorpe	5	0	27
Bagnall	11	1	18
Houghton	7	0	23
Taverner	8	1	20
Paris	5	0	30

OTHER CRICKET.

K.C.C. "A" VS. R.G.A.

The Kowloon Second Eleven met the R.G.A. on the Kowloon side at King's Park. The game resulted in a win for the Kowloon team. Scores:—

KOWLOON.

T.	C.	R.	D.	L.	For	Agst.	Pts.
T. Ches, c Reed, b Pharo	11	0	0	0	11	0	
Major Kiker, c Goodall	2	0	0	0	11	0	
L. J. Blackburn, b Goodall	7	0	0	0	11	0	
Lt. Richardson, b Pharo	81	0	0	0	11	0	
H. S. Spurge, b Fitzgerald	12	0	0	0	11	0	
D. J. MacKenzie, c Pharo, b Goodall	6	0	0	0	11	0	
J. G. MacEwen, b Goodall	4	0	0	0	11	0	
C. Brown, b Pharo	1	0	0	0	11	0	
S. Moore, b Pharo	13	0	0	0	11	0	
H. E. Goldsmith, not out	21	0	0	0	11	0	
G. Foster, b Rigg	2	0	0	0	11	0	

Extras 5

Total 94

R.G.A.

S.	C.	R.	D.	L.	For	Agst.	Pts.
Sergt. Cleaves, b Goldsmith	8	0	0	0	11	0	
Gr. Goodall, c Ches, b Goldsmith	12	0	0	0	11	0	
Gr. Blackburn, c Moore, b Blackburn	4	0	0	0	11	0	
Gr. Ross, b Blackburn	0	0	0	0	11	0	
Gr. Fitzgerald, not out	15	0	0	0	11	0	
Gr. Walton, c MacEwen, b Richardson	0	0	0	0	11	0	
Lt. Hinchey, c Goldsmith, b Richardson	0	0	0	0	11	0	
Lt. Thicketton, b Richardson	12	0	0	0	11	0	
Gr. Diaper, c MacEwen, b Brown	3	0	0	0	11	0	
Gr. Pharo, b Blackburn	0	0	0	0	11	0	

Extras 15

Total 69

TERRIBLE STORY OF THE SEA.

HONGKONG ENGINEER'S SUICIDE.

Engineer Hugh McCall, a suicide, having sought a watery grave at the bottom of the China Sea, in a moment of mental aberration produced by the plight of the vessel of which he thought himself the cause, the frail little craft drifting before a gale for the greater part of nineteen days, the sea rolling mountain-high, her crew in a state of exhaustion, the result of a fast reduced to one biscuit a day and their parched tongues deliciously sucking up the wet spots on deck transferred to a piece of waste—this is the terrible tale of the sea told by Captain Alexander Gillan, of Customs' harbour launch number one, Manila.

Tied up at her pier in front of the Customs house, placidly riding the muddy ripples of the Pasig river, harbour launch number one gives little outward evidence of the effects of the elements during her memorable trip from Hongkong to Manila. The vessel's troubles were caused by her boilers. The boiler burst out two days and a half out of Hongkong, when the craft began to drift, tossed and buffeted by tempestuous seas, until picked up and safely towed into port by the steamer Loong

At his Worship's suggestion, Messrs Liddell and Noel, who attended on subpoena, were excused further attendance until 2 p.m.

Mr. Douglas who appeared for the Directors and the company to which the case, stated that he would procure Mr. Liddell's attendance when necessary.

Mr. McKean said that the charge before the Court was one of conspiracy. Although the ultimate object—that was, Mr. Craig's motive—in obtaining certain moneys and shares from the company might have been perfectly legal, still the means by which the money and shares were obtained were unlawful to the knowledge of Mr. Craig, and it was alleged that Mr. Craig at that time conspired with Mr. Pitts in so far as that he and Mr. Pitts agreed to read to one Nijhuis, in Singapore, a telegram in which they requested him to wire to Craig & Co. in Shanghai, certain particulars with reference to an estate, but that telegram was not to be read to Nijhuis but the name of a man called Fracken, who was supposed to be the nominee of Messrs. Burkinshaw and Donaldson, attorneys of Singapore, and employed by them for the purpose of giving a report on the estate. In short, the conspiracy between Messrs. Craig and Pitts was an agreement to do a perfectly lawful act, to obtain this purchase money and shares—in an unlawful way, by means of fraudulent telegrams, by means of which they would be able to obtain the purchase money. The outlines of the evidence which would be given before the Court was that in March 1910 Dr. Nijhuis arrived in Shanghai from Singapore with a view to selling in Shanghai three estates which were subsequently listed under the name of the Siam Indrapoora Rubber Concessions, Ltd. On his arrival in Shanghai he was introduced to Mr. Craig by Mr. Pitts. On or about March 16 he sold these estates to the firm of Craig & Co., Ltd., of which Mr. H. J. Craig was Managing Director and Chairman of the Board. Mr. Craig then formulated a scheme to sell these estates to the Siam Indrapoora Rubber Concessions, Ltd. The Directors of the company were Dr. Marshall, (Chairman) and Messrs. Noel, Liddell, and Craig. It would be shown in evidence that on March 30 a Directors' meeting was held at which Craig & Co. were directed by the Directors to obtain an independent report from Donaldson and Burkinshaw as to the estates. The Directors would say that what prompted them to do so was that the only report received up to that time was a report headed to Mr. Craig by Dr. Nijhuis, the original vendor, and that they themselves wished to be satisfied. They would further tell the Court that from March 30 until, at any rate, May 15, the Directors pressed Mr. Craig to obtain that report from Donaldson and Burkinshaw, but that he did not communicate, as far as they knew, with that firm, and that when the time came at which the purchase was to be completed in April 26, at a Directors' meeting held at that time, the Directors were advised by their legal adviser that if they obtained a satisfactory report from Donaldson and Burkinshaw they would be compelled to complete the purchase and pay over the balance of the purchase money in shares and in cash. At that particular time, the Directors would tell the Court, they were becoming anxious about the report, that it was not forthcoming and that Craig & Co. were making excuses as to the volume of work going through their offices at the time, for not obtaining an independent report. At that meeting it was decided, on the advice of the legal adviser that upon obtaining a proper report from Messrs. Donaldson and Burkinshaw or their nominee, they would be compelled to pay over the purchase money. At that point, the case for the Crown was that Messrs. Pitts and Craig were in direct communication with each other and it was known the intimate workings of the company and the wishes of the Directors at that particular time. Between April 26 and May 11 nothing transpired of any importance to the Crown's case. He would call Dr. Nijhuis to prove that on May 11 he received a telegram from Shanghai, addressed to him in Medan, which bore no signature. The purpose of this telegram was that he should send to Craig & Co., Shanghai, certain particulars with reference to the estate, not signing his own name, but that the first word of his telegram should be "Fracken" which was not a code-word. Dr. Nijhuis would state that in reply to that telegram he despatched two cables to Craig & Co., one a telegram in which he stated he was sorry that he could not carry out "Your instructions"—which was unsigned; the other a telegram in which he stated that he was of opinion that Van Nijhuis' report was of very great value, and also stating that he had obtained it for preference for 200 hectares of land for prospecting for oil and tin and that the cost of obtaining it was 750 guilders. The only extraordinary part of that telegram so far as this case was concerned was the last portion: "must have consist of Nijhuis." Fracken's name did not appear in any shape or form. On the same day Mr. Craig circulated among his co-directors a copy of that telegram, but prefaced that concluding by saying that this was a telegram from Fracken, the agent of Burkinshaw and Donaldson in Batavia. The evidence for the Crown would be that at that time Pitts knew the contents of that telegram. On the very day on which it was received Pitts knew the contents of the telegram and did not decipher it in the same way as it was deciphered by Mr. Craig, to the Directors. Further evidence would be that the explanation which Dr. Nijhuis intended to be put upon that telegram was the explanation subsequently confirmed in writing on the same day as it was deciphered, from Mr. Pitts in Shanghai. Mr. Craig and his firm never in writing acknowledged the receipt of that telegram, but on the same day Craig & Co. replied to that telegram "we agree to you obtaining mining rights on behalf of the Company," and also asked for a reply to a further telegram as to Maungger. It would be shown that Mr. Craig, up to this time had always confirmed in writing the telegrams sent to Dr. Nijhuis by Craig and Co., and that subsequent to May 13 his telegrams were always confirmed. In fact

upon that very day he confirmed in writing another telegram to Dr. Nijhuis, which had been sent to him with reference to the management. But he had never confirmed this telegram in writing, although probably it was the most important telegram sent by him up to that particular date. On May 16, a meeting of Directors was held and the Minute Book would be produced containing the minutes of that particular meeting, which it would be proved, were drawn out by Craig and Co., Ltd., and in that minute Mr. Fracken was described as the representative of Messrs. Donaldson and Burkinshaw. It would then be proved by the evidence of the Directors, that it was on the strength of that telegram being from the representative of Donaldson and Burkinshaw, that they parted with the shares and the balance of the purchase money in cash to Mr. Craig, on that particular date. That was the outline of the case for the prosecution. Counsel would further prove, and he might mention it now, that Mr. Craig and Mr. Pitts, the firm of Lind and Pitts, shared equally in the profits of the shares which amounted to 215,200 in shares and 171,400 in cash. He proposed first to call Mr. Lind who was Mr. Pitts' partner at the time of the transaction. He was a ship broker and produced documents and letters. The letters would be read at a later stage. He would be asked to prove the handwriting of Mr. Pitts.

Mr. George Joseph Lind said that he appeared on subpoena to produce all documents and papers in his possession or power in reference to the action. According to the request of Mr. McKean he then produced the books and papers.

Continuing his evidence the witness said that between March 16 and May 15 he was in partnership with William Pitts. He was interested in the sale of estates in the Malay States and Sumatra. He was interested also as a broker in the sale of these estates subsequently acquired as the Siam Indrapoora Rubber Concessions, Ltd. to Mr. Craig, from Dr. Nijhuis. The sale took place sometime in March and the estates were sold to the firm of the company. He saw a letter received by Mr. Pitts with regard to a division of the profits of the firm. He was familiar with the handwriting of Mr. Pitts, having been in partnership with him. The witness then proceeded to identify a number of letters written by Mr. Pitts on the firm's writing paper. Copies of the letters he had identified, one in one of the books produced. Duplicates of telegrams dispatched by the firm or by partners in the firm were also kept in the books produced.

Mr. McKean:—Here is a telegram of May 11, 1910 addressed to Nijhuis, a.s.n., and sent by Fracken. Now was that sent out by your firm?

Witness:—I have no knowledge of the telegram sent out. I have however made inquiries and as a result I obtained a copy of the telegram from the Eastern Extension Telegraph Office. The telegram was sent about the beginning of November.

Answering further questions the witness said that he knew nothing of a man in Sumatra or Java of the name of Fracken. As a matter of fact he never heard his name until these proceedings. He had supplied Mr. Craig with a copy of the telegram he obtained from the telegraph office. He would then produce a memorandum produced amongst the papers of the firm.

Mr. Macleod said he did not wish to cross-examine the witness and after his evidence had been read over the witness left the box.

Dr. Robert James Marshall was next called and he stated that he attended Court on subpoena. He was the Chairman of the Siam Company and he knew Mr. Craig. The Company was incorporated on March 29. The vendors of the estate to the Company were Messrs. Craig and Co., who were also the managers and secretaries. The defendant was a member of the firm. Witness knew a man named William Pitts. He knew that he was connected with the sale of the property to the Company. Pitts was interested with Messrs. Craig and Co. in the sale of the property. He first met Pitts in connection with his sale of the estates on March 31. Before that time he did not know he was the brother between Nijhuis and Mr. Craig, but he was informed by Mr. Craig that such was his case. On March 21 he did not know that Pitts was interested in a share of Messrs. Craig and Company's profits. At the meeting of March 21 particulars of the estate and management were discussed. On March 30 a meeting of Directors was held and there were present Messrs. Liddell, Noel, Craig, Nijhuis, Pitts and the witness.

At this stage Mr. Douglas interposed and requested that the minute book should not be handed in yet. There were a lot of things in it which did not concern the present inquiry.

Mr. Macleod:—The difficulty can be overcome by Mr. McKean stating what extracts he wants and I will have them copied and admit them.

Continuing the witness said that the report of Messrs. Donaldson and Burkinshaw, Singapore lawyers, never came to hand. He saw no letter in which it was stated that they should obtain an expert's report prior or subsequent to March 30.

As the Chairman of Directors he made inquiries as to the report and he asked Mr. Craig if it had come. The latter replied that it had not. Several times he asked Mr. Craig if the Secretaries had written to Donaldson and Burkinshaw about a report and he said no. The next meeting of Directors was held on April 5 and the agreement of sale to Messrs. Craig and Company was executed.

Mr. McKean:—Is this the document produced that was executed?

Witness:—Yes.

Mr. McKean then proceeded to read extracts from the agreement.

Witness said that Clause 3 of this agreement stated that the consideration for the said transfers should be Singapore \$100,000. No further documents except a power of attorney to Messrs. Donaldson and Burkinshaw were executed at that meeting. Witness presumed that this

document was forwarded by the Company's legal adviser. At that time (April 5) witness did not know that Pitts was interested with Craig & Co. in the promotion profits. At the Directors' meeting of April 8 there was no mention (in the minutes) of instructions to telegraph and witness could not recollect any discussion of the proposed management of the company. The next meeting was on April 13. At that meeting it was agreed to issue the scrip to shareholders after a long discussion during which certain telegrams and letters were read. Witness identified a letter from the Assistant Resident at Bangkok described as addressed to Messrs. Donaldson and Burkinshaw, produced by Craig & Co. at that meeting. It was dated November 1, 1909.

The Court then adjourned until 2 p.m.

After the adjournment Mr. McKean continued his examination of Dr. Marshall. The latter was referred to another minute and he said that the telegrams from Medan dated March 14, 15, 18, and 19, 1910 were all before the incorporation of the company.

Mr. McKean:—Did the directors make any inquiries with reference to what was going on in Singapore as to the management of the estates about this time?

Witness:—We had received no telegraphic information as to the estates' reports. Continuing the witness said that at that time they were not at all interested in the management of the estate. Referring to a meeting of Directors held on April 26 witness said that Mr. Macleod advised that as soon as he received a cable from Messrs. Donaldson and Burkinshaw that it was in order the purchase should be completed and as soon as the Directors were satisfied that everything was in order, Mr. Craig was only able to give one detail of the management of the estate apart from what was stated in the telegrams. At this same meeting witness was not sure whether he knew that it was in order in the Company. He was told by Mr. Craig that a man named Denis had been approached with regard to the management and Mr. Craig said that the information had come through Pitts. Witness then said they could get their information direct from Dr. Nijhuis. Up to that time they had no information that Messrs. Donaldson and Burkinshaw had appointed an expert report on the estate. He asked Mr. Craig why the expert report had not been received and Mr. Craig said that he had not got a reply.

Between April 25 and May 11 he asked Mr. Craig for a dependent report. On May 13 a circular came from Craig and Company giving a telegram about the estate. The purpose of the telegram was that Mr. Fracken, the nominee of Messrs. Donaldson and Burkinshaw, had set word to the effect that there was no doubt about it, the estate was of great value. Until he received the circular he had never heard the name of Fracken as an expert. When he saw the original of the telegram he never saw the name of Fracken upon it. The last word on it was Nijhuis. A reply was sent to the telegram addressed to Nijhuis, Medan. It said "Mining rights please obtain on behalf of Company, waiting your reply to telegram of the 11th in regard to management of estate." The next meeting of Directors was held on May 16. The telegrams were discussed at this meeting and the minute referring to them stated that the telegrams had been placed on the table. The witness ascertained that another telegram from Medan had been received on the 21st stating "very sorry your instructions cannot be carried out." Referring again to the Directors' meeting on May 16 the witness said that they then parted with the balance of the purchase money.

Mr. McKean:—What was it, you as one of the Directors, that all was in order and that you should part with the money?

Witness:—The telegram was one of the things. I wished to have this report and when it came I raised no further objection to the payment of the money.

Mr. McKean:—Did you make inquiries as to whether such a person as Fracken exists?

Witness:—No.

Continuing his evidence witness said that the Fracken telegram which was circulated he had ascertained came from Nijhuis. Of the debenture shares, one to forty five thousand, ten thousand were due to Mr. Craig. This cleared the examination of the witness, and Mr. Macleod intimated that he did not wish to cross-examine at this stage of the proceedings.

John Liddell was next called and he said that he appeared on subpoena. He was a Director of the Company. On March 30 he was told that a report should be obtained from Messrs. Donaldson and Burkinshaw. He wrote a letter to Mr. Craig about the matter requesting that an independent report should be obtained of the property. In reply Mr. Craig wrote to say that the suggestion was an excellent one and added "your suggestion shall be acted upon at the next meeting of Directors." He was liable to be taken in and for one shall be only too anxious to have some one to be relied upon to make a report upon the property. The witness proceeding said that they always wanted an independent report and they were always hoping that Mr. Craig would arrange it. At this time no name had been suggested to him as Messrs. Donaldson and Burkinshaw's agent in Batavia. On May 13 he received a circular from Messrs. Craig and Co. containing a telegram reporting upon the report. Witness never saw the original telegram. No further telegrams from Medan were disclosed to him at the meeting of Directors on May 16.

It was all the evidence the witness was called upon to give. He was not cross-examined by Mr. Macleod.

Mr. McKean here intimated that he would not take another witness at that sitting and the Magistrate thereupon adjourned the case until the next day.

THE LAW AND LAWYERS.

A VICE-GOVERNOR'S VIEW.

"Law is the greatest profession that man can take. The men assembled here can be those who mould the future of their country, and those who do not realise the importance of their profession in this sense, are not worthy to be members of the bar."

"I would raise the standard of qualification for admission. If I lay in my power, I would not permit anyone to practice, who has not as a foundation of his legal learning the best of a college education."

"Strive to elevate your profession; make it occupy the best place in the community; let your energies be directed toward the elevation of your country and your people."

The above were the remarks of Vice-Governor Gilbert addressed to the members of the legal fraternity in banquet assembled at the Hotel Metropole, Manila, recently. His words had the ring of sincerity and professional enthusiasm, and were loudly cheered by 150 Filipino, American and Spanish lawyers seated at the festival board.

To-day's Advertisements.

LADY MAY FAREWELL PRESENTATION FUND.

INTENDING SUBSCRIBERS are requested to note that the LIST will be CLOSED on THURSDAY, 19th instant, at Noon.

F. S. JAMESON,
C/o Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.,
Hongkong, 16th January, 1911. [819]

S.S. "OCEANIAN."

COMPAGNIE DES MESSENGERIES MARITIMES.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo from London ex S.S. *Laque* and from Bordeaux ex S.S. *Ville d'Arras* and *V. de Celles*, in connection with above Steamer are hereby informed that their Goods, with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being landed and stored at their risks into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Limited, at Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on unless intimation is received from the Consignees before Noon, TO-DAY, requesting it to be landed here.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Undersigned, Goods remaining unclaimed after the 23rd instant, at Noon, will be subject to rent and landing charges.

All claims must be sent in to me on or before the 23rd January, or they will not be recognised.

All damaged packages will be examined on the 23rd January, at 3 P.M.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

F. THOMAS,
Agent.

Hongkong, 16th January, 1911. [816]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM SHANGHAI, KOBE AND MOJI.

THE Steamship

"ARRATON APCAR," having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods will be delivered from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge will be landed at Consignees' risk and expense into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Limited.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by DAVID SASSOON & CO., LIMITED, Agents.

Hongkong, 16th January, 1911. [817]

FROM EUROPE.

THE H. A. L. Steamship

"SEGOVIA," Captain Sachs, having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, whence delivery may be obtained against Bills of Lading countersigned by the Undersigned.

Optional Cargo will be carried on unless notice to the contrary be given TO-DAY.

All Claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognised.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 21st inst., will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 21st inst., at 3 P.M.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

THIS STEAMER BRINGS ON CARGO Ex S.S. *Eden* from Christiania.

Göteborg from Göteborg.

Jaro from Jaro.

Oiga from Norrköping.

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE, Hongkong Office.

Hongkong, 15th January, 1911. [818]

THEFT OF WATCHES BY BRITISH GUNNERS.

DEFENDANTS HAVE NO EXPLANATION TO OFFER MAGISTRATE.

Two gunners of the Royal Garrison Artillery were charged before Mr. E. R. Hallifax at the Police Court this morning with stealing a silver and a nickel watch from Canon Hol, watchmaker, of No. 121, Queen's Road Central.

It appeared that the defendants went into the shop to look at some watches and while doing so they each pocketed one. The shop-keeper detained them and sent for the Police. The watches were later found on the persons of the defendants.

Defendants pleaded guilty.

His Worship—You have nothing to say?

His Worship—No explanation of any kind?

No.

His Worship passed sentence of "two weeks' imprisonment on each of the defendants."

HONGKONG VOLUNTEER CORPS.

FIELD DAY.

The Volunteers had another field day yesterday, the operations being favoured by glorious weather. Over 150 men took part.

The attacking party, which consisted of the Reserves, No. 1 Company, the Infantry, Engineers and ten Scouts, paraded at Headquarters at 8.30 a.m. and marched to Blakely's Bay, where they landed, and were sent off in different directions, while the defending force, consisting of Nos. 2, 3, and 4 Companies and the rest of the scouts, paraded at 8.30 a.m. and marched to Blakely's Bay. They landed at La-chikok shortly after nine o'clock and took up their position immediately. The attack commenced a little after 11 a.m. and lasted till 2.30 p.m. After this they marched to Tai-po Road and thence to the lower level, where they were served with light refreshment after a hard day's work.

Sir Henry May and Hon. Mr. Murray Stewart were among the Reserves who were present.

The Volunteers returned to town at 4.15 p.m.

Events Coming.

Monday, 16th January.

Don Scott's Theatre, 9.15 p.m.

Intimations

POPULAR "ASAHI" BEER.



PHOTOS:

4 Doz. Quarts.....\$12.00 per case

8 Doz. Pints.....\$13.50 "

Hongkong, 16th December, 1910. [34]

EXTRA CHOICE
ENGLISH
HAM and
BACON
70 cents per lb.

THE DAIRY FARM CO., LIMITED.



SHORTEST & QUICKEST ROUTE

BETWEEN

THE FAR EAST & EUROPE, via DAIREN.

WINTER SCHEDULE.

(Effective till April 30, 1910.)

EXPRESS TRAIN SERVICE, composed of excellently equipped Sleeping, Dining and 1st Class Cars, is operated between Dairen and Changhai four times a week in connection with the Trans-Siberian Express Trains and with Dairen-Shanghai Direct Steamer Service by the S.S. "Kobe Maru" and "Saikio Maru" (each 2,877 tons) as follows:—

NORTH BOUND.

1st Class Fares	Shanghai (Steamer)	Lv.	Thurs. Sat.	Sun. Tues.	Thurs. Fri.	Fri. Sat.
\$40	Dairen (S.M.R. Train)	6.00 p.m.	"	"	"	"
Y14.95	Mukden (S.M.R. Train)	2.45 a.m.	"	"	"	"
Y11.50	Changhai (S.M.R. Train)	3.00 p.m.	"	"	"	"
R 9.50	Hailuo (Russian Train)	11.55 p.m.	"	"	"	"
	Hailuo (Russian Train)	7.25 p.m.	"	"	"	"

Connecting at Harbin with State Express for Moscow. Wagon-Lits for Moscow. State Express for St. Petersburg.

SOUTH BOUND.

	Harbin (Russian Train)	Lv.	Mon. Tues.	Wed. Thurs.	Fri. Sat.	Sun.
R 9.50	Changhai (S.M.R. Train)	7.50 p.m.	"	"	"	"
Y11.50	Mukden (S.M.R. Train)	6.40 a.m.	"	"	"	"
Y14.50	Dairen (S.M.R. Train)	7.40 p.m.	"	"	"	"
Y40.00	Shanghai (Steamer)	1.00 p.m.	"	"	"	"

Supplementary Charges on DAIREN-CHANGCHUN Service.

EXPRESS EXTRA FEE.....Y3.00 SLEEPING CAR SUPPLEMENT.....Y5.00

TICKET AGENTS:—The Company's railway and steamer tickets are obtainable at all the Agencies of the International Sleeping Car & Express Train Co., Messrs. Thos. Cook & Son, and the Hamburg-Amerika Linie.

RAILWAY HOTELS—YAMATO HOTEL (Tel. Add.: "Yamato") at Dairen, Port Arthur, Mukden, Fushun and Changchun, all under the Company's management.

SOUTH MANCHURIA RAILWAY COMPANY, DAIREN.

Tel. Add. "Manitoku" Codes: A.B.C. 5th. Ed. A. 1. & Lieber's.

FUSHUN COAL

THE BEST STEAMING COAL IN THE FAR EAST.

Output 3,000 tons per day.

Fresh stocks always on hand at Dairen, Newchwang and Tientsin Depots and also at Chelof, Shanghai, Hongkong, Singapore and Penang.

MINING DEPARTMENT, SOUTH MANCHURIA RAILWAY COMPANY, DAIREN.

Tel. Add. "Manitoku" Codes: A.B.C. 5th. Ed. A. 1. & Lieber's.

Agents: MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA, LTD.

Hongkong, 1st January, 1911. [785]

By Special Appointment to the Imperial Japanese Household Department.

KIRIN BEER

THE BEST BEER BREWED OR SOLD IN THE EAST

ORDER BREWED.....E. EICHENBERG

ASSISTANT BREWED.....F. SANDAUDE

ASSISTANT BREWED.....R. WENDT

Recommend by the whole Medical Faculty as a light, pure, and wholesome Beverage especially suited for this climate.

Only the Best German Malt and Hops used.

Won the highest awards at all the Exhibitions.

Supplies by every Mail in Hongkong, High and Low.

AGENTS IN HONGKONG.

H. PRICE & CO.

No. 12, Queen's Road.

Sole Agents for KIRIN BEER

GOMEI KAISHA MEIDI-YA.

YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

SPECIAL DISCOUNT FOR QUANTITIES.

Hongkong, 14th January, 1911.

TSANG KWONG COMPANY,
ELECTRICAL AND GAS CONTRACTORS,
230, Des Vœux Road Central,
Telephone No. 699.

STOCKS OF
ELECTRICAL RADIATORS.
ELECTRICAL IRON.
ELECTRICAL WATER HEATER.
ELECTRICAL KETTLES.
ELECTRICAL FITTINGS & ACCESSORIES.

BEST METALLIC FILAMENT and CARBON FILAMENT LAMPS for all Voltage and Candle-power.

WIRES & CABLES.
TELEPHONES.
BELLS & INDICATORS.

**"SILICIA" ACCUMULATORS.
DRY CELLS & LECLANCHE CELLS.
Gas Radiators.**

Gas Fittings.
Gas Incandescent Mantles,
PETROLEUM INCANDESCENT MANTLES.

PETROLEUM INCANDESCENT BURNERS and LAMPS of
all descriptions.

Lighting plants driven by Steam, Gas and Oil
Engine to order.
Hongkong, 2nd January, 1911.

LIFE WITHOUT HEALTH IS LIVING DEATH.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD

This remarkable compound, the latest discovery of modern times, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve and brain power, whether induced by worry, overwork, dissipation, or other influences. Sleeplessness, palpitation, ineffective circulation, nervous dyspepsia, the accompanying low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, want of confidence, general debility, premature decay and exhaustion of the vital forces, loss of vitality, harassing dreams, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, urinary, leucorrhoea, leucorrhoea, nervousness, wasting diseases, consumption, night sweats, muddy, high-coloured water, &c., are all so many different phases of brain and nerve wreckage and exhaustion, the cause of by far the greater portion of the miserable illness and dependency which we now see everywhere. This condition can only be successfully combated by the use of this wonderful and highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, restores the vitality and energy of the system, and is a vigorous tonic to those who had so recently seemed played out, used up and valueless. Bottles Price 2s. 6d.

WITHOUT PURE BLOOD HEALTH IS IMPOSSIBLE.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other impfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it inhaled into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillary, overhauling and expelling disease wherever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blurs, pimples, spots, freckles, eruptions and skin diseases, swelling, inflammation, roughness and unsightly patches, etc. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, eczema, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, dandruffs, blood poison, eczema, leprosy, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, wounds, sores, gonorrhea or Syphilis, etc. It improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption. Bottles Price 50c. & 80c.

Send stamped addressed envelope for free booklet, or P.O. order for trial bottle of either **VETARZO** or **THE VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE CO.** OGDEN, UTAH, and we will send you a bottle free to try to sell you something else for extra profit--do not accept it, but insist on having **VETARZO**. The genuine has the words "**VETARZO REMEDIES**" on Government Stamp.

VETARZO REMEDIES ARE SOLD BY BOOT'S & CHEMISTS.

F. BLACKHEAD & Co.
SHIP-CHANDLERS, SAILMAKERS,
COAL AND PROVISION MERCHANTS,
NAVAL CONTRACTORS
AND GENERAL COMMISSION
AGENTS,
GROUND FLOOR,
ST. GEORGE'S BUILDING,
HONGKONG,
SOAP AND SODA MANUFACTURERS.

For Sale.

FOR SALE.

**VEGETABLE and FLOWER
SEEDS**

GARDEN FERTILISERS,
Books on Gardening, &c.

SOLE AGENTS FOR
HARTMANN'S RAHTJENS' GENUINE
COMPOSITION RED HAND
BRAND, HARTMANN'S GRAY PAINT,
DANIELS' PATENT MOTOR
LAUGHERS,
20, 20, 20.

Sole Agents for
FERGUSON'S SPECIAL CREAM
and
P. & O. SPECIAL LIQUOR BOOTCH
WHISKY, &c

USED POSTAGE STAMPS
in Single Sets, Packets and Bags.
All Philatelic Goods,
VIEW POSTCARDS.

MANILA CIGARS and
CIGARETTES.

&c., &c., &c.
Inspection invited,
GRACA & CO.,

**ALWAYS IN STOCK
AT
REASONABLE PRICES.**

**EVERY KIND OF
SHIP'S STORES AND REQUISITES**
Gough St. 7th March, 1867.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS,

27, Des Voeux Road, Hongkong,
 Hoagkong, 18th October, 1910. [53]

PO SING.

JEWELLER AND SILVERSMITH,
 NO. 1, PORTINGER STREET.

CANTONESE SILVER WORK.

FROM—and after 1st January, 1909, the rates of Subscription to the *Hongkong Telegraph* (daily and weekly issues) will be as follows:—

DAILY—\$36 per annum.
WEEKLY—\$13 per annum.

The rates per quarter and per manseum, proportional. Subscriptions for any period less than one month will be charged as for a full month.

The daily issue is delivered free when the address is accessible to messenger. Peak subscribers can have their copies delivered at their residences without any extra charge. On copies sent by post an additional \$4.50 per quarter is charged for postage.

The postage on the weekly issue to any part of the world is 60 cents per quarter.

Single Copies, Daily, 10 cents. Weekly, twenty-five cents (for cash only).

(PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.)

There will be no rebate to Missionary subscribers as heretofore.

By Order, **THE MANAGER,**
Hongkong Telegraph Co., Ltd.
Hongkong, 444 Despatch Road. (11)

CANTON'S SILVER WORK is every description done here. Moderate Prices.

Kings and New Year Presents in great variety and at special rates, suitable to all tastes and purses.

Hongkong, and November, 1910. [639]

AN APPAL.

THE SUPERIORITY OF THE ITALIAN CONFECTIONERY ROAD, begs most respectfully to APPEAL to the Residents of Hongkong and the Coast Ports, for their kind patronage and support, and desires to state that she will be pleased to receive orders for all kinds of **NEBULE WORK**.

Gentlemen's Suits made to order, and Onfs and Collars reworked on old ones.

Ladies and Children's Under-clothing, Children's Dresses, and all kinds of Embroidry, Materials can be supplied, if required.

The Superiorty will also be most grateful for any **PAPER**, or old **EMPTINESS** to be made, into Books for the Children of the Poor Schools, who are taught by the Sisters.

18, CANTON, and April, 1911.

STOCKS.	NO. OF SHARES.	VALUE.	PAID UP.	POSITION AS PER LAST REPORT.		LAST DIVIDEND.	APPROXIMATE FUTURE AT PRESENT QUOTATION BASED ON LAST YEAR'S DIV.	CLOSING QUOTATIONS.
				RESERVE.	AT WORKING ACCOUNT.			
BANKS.								
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation	120,000	\$125	\$125	\$1,500,000 \$15,000,000 \$850,000	\$2,029 3 0	\$2 for first half year ending 30.6.10 @ ex 1/4 = \$22.45	5 %	\$100 sa. & 915 2/9
National Bank of China, Limited.....	99,025	17	26	\$4,000 \$8,000	\$10,552	\$2 (London 1/8) for 1901		\$80 buyers
MARINE INSURANCES.								
Canton Insurance Office, Limited	10,000	\$250	\$50	\$1,000,000 \$60,606 \$181	none	\$15 for 1909	8 1/2 %	\$182 1/2 sellers
North China Insurance Company, Limited	10,000	4 1/2	25	\$600,000 \$21,200 \$26,644 \$137,308 \$1,000,000	Tls. 205,719	Final div. of 7 1/2 % for '09 making 15 % in all..	5 %	Tls. 162 sales
Union Insurance Society of Canton, Limited	12,400	\$250	\$100	\$500,000 \$100,000 \$105,249 \$713,985 \$1,000,000	\$287,534	Final of \$20 per share, making in all \$50 per share for 1908 and an interim divid- end of \$30 per share for 1909	7 %	\$27 1/2
Yangtze Insurance Association, Limited	12,000	\$100	\$60	\$1,000,000 \$304,405 \$109,264	\$7,703 1/2	\$12 for year ending 31.12.08 and interim of \$3 on account of 1909	7 1/2 %	\$150
FIRE INSURANCES.								
China Fire Insurance Company, Limited	20,000	\$100	\$20	\$1,000,000 \$50,328 \$61,168	\$438,406	\$6 and bonus \$2 for 1908	7 %	\$124 sales & 365
Hongkong Fire Insurance Company, Limited.....	8,000	\$250	\$50	\$2,000,000 \$81,153	\$226,218	\$27 for 1908	8 %	365
SHIPPING.								
China and Manila Steamship Company, Limited...	30,000	\$25	\$25	\$57,743	Dr. \$377 7	5 % for 1908		\$7 1/2 sellers
Douglas Steamship Company, Limited	20,000	\$50	\$50	\$300,000 \$100,000 \$300,000	Nil.	\$4 for year ending 30.6.1908		\$20 sellers
Hongkong, Canton & Macao Steamboat Co., Ltd.	80,000	\$15	\$15	\$67,500 \$76,795 \$15,491	\$22,766	Dividend of \$1 1/2 for 30.6.10	2 1/2 %	\$30 buyers
Indo-China Steam Navigation Co., Ltd. (Preferred) Do. Do. (Deferred)	60,000 60,000	25 25	25	\$128,100	15,162	3 1/2 % - 1/2 on Preferred shares only for (1908) Final div. of 2 1/2 per sh. (coup. 14) making in all 4 1/2 per sh. for '09 & an int. div. of 12. per sh. on acc. for '10	5 % 5 % 5 %	\$56 76 1/2 buyers \$23 \$12
Shell Transport and Trading Company, Limited	2,000,000	2 1/2	2 1/2	\$200,000 \$100,000 \$78,850 \$56,681	192,994	A dividend of 7 1/2 % for yr. ending 30.4. 1911 A bonus of 5 %	5 % 5 % 5 %	
Star Ferry Company, Limited	10,000 10,000	\$10 \$10	\$5 \$5		12,159			
REFINERIES.								
China Sugar Refining Com. any, Limited	20,000	\$100	\$100	\$10,000 \$83,620	Dr. \$8,090	\$5 for half year ending 30.6.1910	6 %	\$124 sellers
Korea Sugar Refining Company, Limited.....	7,000	\$100	\$100	none	Dr. \$15,893	\$2 for 1897		\$10 sellers
MINING.								
Chinese Engineering and Mining Company, Ltd.	1,000,000	2 1/2	2 1/2	\$215,000 \$12,289	\$1,435	Final div. of 1/8 for the year 1910 making 15 % (coupon No. 15)	9 %	Tls. 14 sales
Headwaters Mining Company	60,000	Pa. 10	Pa. 10	none	none	First year		Pa. 10
Raub Australian Gold Mining Company, Limited	200,000	2 1/2	2 1/2	\$4	\$6,583	\$2 per share 15th dividend	5 %	\$3
Oriental Consolidated Mining Co., Ltd. DOCKS, WHARVES & GODOWNS.	100,000	G \$10	G \$10	none	none	Final of Gold \$0.65 for 1909 in all G \$1.15..		27/6
Penwick (Geo.) & Co., Limited	18,000	\$25	\$25	\$25,275	\$8,460	\$1.75 for year ending 31.12.10		\$5
Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd.	60,000	\$550	\$50	\$50,000 \$1,093 \$88,714 \$221,000	\$264,847	\$2 1/2 for 1909	4 1/2 %	\$54 1/2 sellers
Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company, Ltd.	50,000	\$50	\$50	\$221,000	\$12,7	5 % for half year ended 30.6.1909		\$52 buyers
Shanghai Dock and Engineering Co., Ltd.	Tls. 15,720	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	Tls. 1,000,000 \$1,157	Tls. 8,21	Final of Tls. 3 1/2 making Tls. 6 in all for year 30.4.1910	8 %	Tls. 68
Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Company, Limited	16,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	Tls. 1,000,000 \$1,157	9,211	Interim of Tls. 3 for 1910	7 %	Tls. 97 1/2
LANDS, HOTELS & BUILDINGS.								
Anglo-French Land Investment Co., Ltd.	25,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	Tls. 25,000	Tls. 4,314	Tls. 6 for year ending 22.2.10	6 1/2 %	Tls. 95 buyers
Central Stores, Limited	50,123	\$15	\$15	\$1,000	\$24,000	8 % for 1909	8 %	\$11 sellers
Hongkong Hotel Company, Limited	12,000	\$50	\$50	\$1,000	\$1,277	\$3 on old shares \$1.50 on new shares for half year ending 30.6.10	6 %	\$10 4 \$63 buyers
Hongkong Land Investment and Agency Co., Ltd.	50,000	\$100	\$100	\$250,000	\$2,79	Interim of \$2 1/2 for 1910	7 %	\$9
Hampshire Estate & Finance Company, Limited	150,000	\$10	\$10	\$10,000 \$1,856	\$1,172	45 cents for 1909	6 %	\$7 buyers
Kowloon Land and Building Company, Limited	6,000	\$50	\$50	none	\$169	\$2 1/2 for 1909	8 %	\$13 1/2
Shanghai Land Investment Company, Limited	78,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	Tls. 1,125,045 Tls. 30,000	Tls. 62,060	Interim of Tls. 3 for 1910	6 1/2 %	Tls. 100
West Point Building Company, Limited	12,500	\$50	\$50	none	11,051	Interim of \$1.80 for 1910	8 1/2 %	\$41 sales & b
COTTON MILLS.								
Kwo Cotton Spinning and Weaving Company, Ltd.	20,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	Tls. 150,000 Tls. 40,098	10,991	Tls. 11 for year ending 31.10.09	8 1/2 %	Tls. 85
Hongkong Cotton Spinning, Weaving and Dyeing Company, Limited	125,000	\$10	\$10	\$2,000	\$9,553	50 cents for year ending 31.7.08		\$4.40 buyers
International Cotton Manufacturing Company, Ltd.	10,000	Tls. 75	Tls. 75	Tls. 175,000	2,4, 8,173	Tls. 7 1/2 for year ending 30.9.09	10 %	Tls. 45
Lao-kung-mow Cotton Spinning & Weaving Co., Ltd.	2,000	Tls. 200	Tls. 100	none	Tls. 4,829	Tls. 6 for 1909	10 %	Tls. 48
Sey Chee Cotton Spinning Company, Limited.....	2,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 500	Tls. 31,172	Tls. 31,173	Tls. 35 for 1909	17 %	Tls. 145
MISCELLANEOUS.								
Sell's Asbestos Eastern Agency, Limited	2,604	12/6	12/6	\$1,500 \$20,000	\$648	15 % per share for 1909		\$8 sellers
China-Borneo Company, Limited	60,000	\$12	\$12	none	Nil.	60 cents for 1909	6 1/2 %	\$9
China Light and Power Company, Limited	10,000	\$5	\$5	none	\$50,222	60 cents for year ended 28.2.06		95 cents buyers
Do. Do. Special shares	10,000	\$5	\$5	none		80 cents for 1909	10 %	\$8 1/2 sales
China Provident Loan & Mortgage Company, Ltd.	125,000	\$10	\$10	\$100,000 \$10,000	12,602	\$1.20 for year ending 31.7.09	7 %	\$18 buyers
airy Farm Company, Limited	40,000	\$7 1/2	50	\$1,000	\$1,590	Interim of 15 cents per share for 1910	10 %	\$3 1/2 buyers
Green Island Cement Company, Limited	400,000	\$10	\$10	\$15,000	\$2,220	14 per cent. viz. \$1.40 for 1909	12 %	\$12 sellers
I. Price & Company, Limited	12,000	\$10	\$10	none	\$670	A dividend of \$1.20 per share and a bonus of 10 cents per sh. for year end. 28.2.10..	6 1/2 %	\$30 buyers
Hongkong Electric Company, Limited	60,000	\$10	\$10	none	\$11,798 1/2	Interim of \$2 per share for 1910		\$130 buyers
Hongkong Ice Company, Limited	5,000	\$25	\$25	\$250,000	\$2,662	Interim of \$1 per share for 1911		\$188 buyers
Hongkong Rice Manufacturing Company, Ltd.	60,000	\$10	\$10	\$40,000	\$0,176	3rd interim dividend of Tls. 15 making in all Tls. 37 1/2 for 1910	5 1/2 %	Tls. 111 buyers
Maatschappij van Mijne, Bosch- en Landbouw exploitatie in Langkat, Limited	25,000	G. \$10	G. \$10	Tls. 147,500 Tls. 6,524	Tls. 110,682	80 cents on fully paid shares and 8 cents on \$1 paid shares for year ending 30.4.10..	5 1/2 %	\$59 sellers \$54 sellers
Peak Tramways Company, Limited	25,000	\$10	\$10	none	\$3,014	None		\$8
Peak Tramways Company (new)	50,000	\$10	\$10	none	Pa. 23,640			
Philippine Company, Limited	75,000	\$10	\$10	none				
Shanghai-Sumai Tobacco Company, Limited	10,000	Tls. 20	Tls. 20	Tls. 21,820 Tls. 100,000	Tls. 1,350	No dividend this year	2 %	Tls. 100 sales
Societe des Pulpes et Papeteries du Tonkin.....	13,200 Benefit shares 1,200	50 Halpboog (Nombal)	35 Halpboog Currency	none	none	First year		\$36 sellers \$300 Hongkong (current)
South China Morning Post, Limited	6,000	\$125	\$85	none	Dr. \$21,096	None		\$25
Steam Laundry Company, Limited	20,000	\$25	\$5	none	\$27,86	10 % for year ending 31st May 1910	8 %	\$5 1/2 buyers
Union Waterboat Company, Limited	10,000	\$10	\$10	\$11,956	none	60 cents for year ending 31.12.08	8 %	\$7 buyers
United Asbestos Oriental Agency Limited	10,000	\$10	\$5	\$40,000	\$242	15 % per ordinary sh. for year ended 31.5.10..	5 %	\$12 1/2 sellers
Yukias Limited,	10,000	\$10	\$10	none	\$1,041	15 cents for 1909		\$3 sellers
Yatson (A.S.) & Co., Limited	90,000	10	10	\$300,000 45,000	\$2,611	5 % for 1909		\$14 buyers
Yelmann, Limited	3,000	\$10	\$10	\$15,250	\$57	10 % for year ending 31.7.10		\$11 buyers
William Powell, Limited	25,000	\$7		none	\$703	None		\$2 1/2